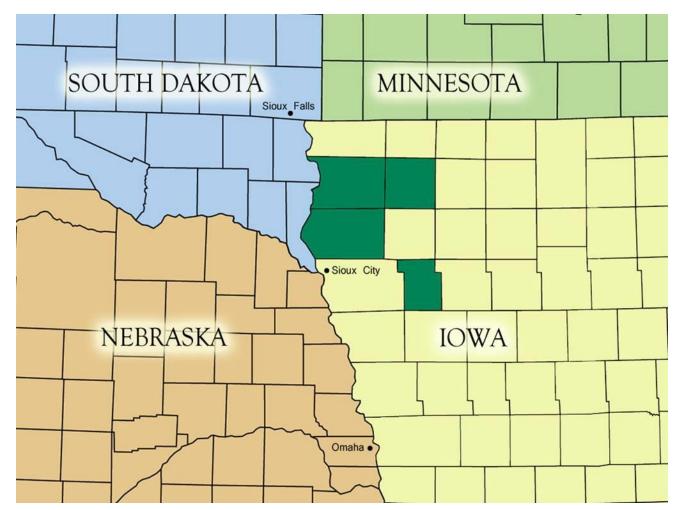


## SOLAR DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

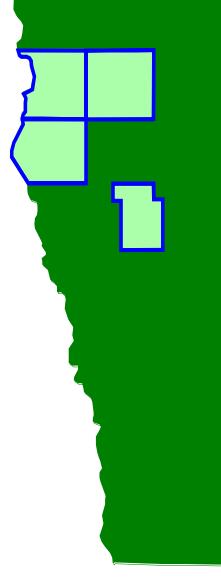
September 2, 2015

USDA Solar Energy Conference





- Member owned electric Cooperative
- 9,700 meters
- 3,700 miles of electric line
- Members are primarily in Sioux, O'Brien, Plymouth & Ida counties

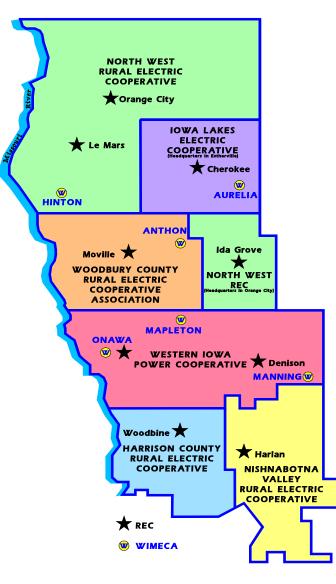


Headquarters in Orange City

District Offices in Le Mars & Ida Grove

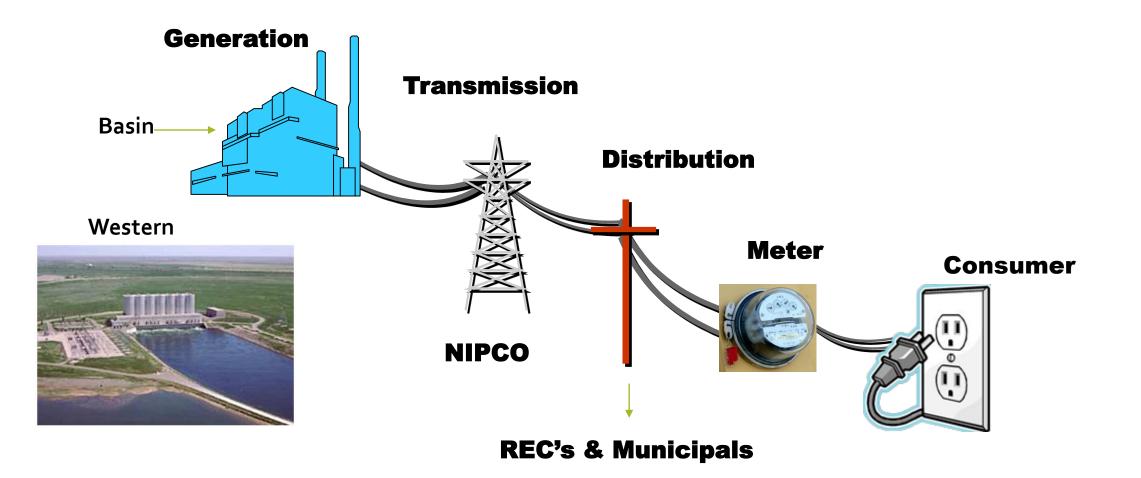
Service Center in Primghar

#### NIPCO Is Wholesale Power Supplier



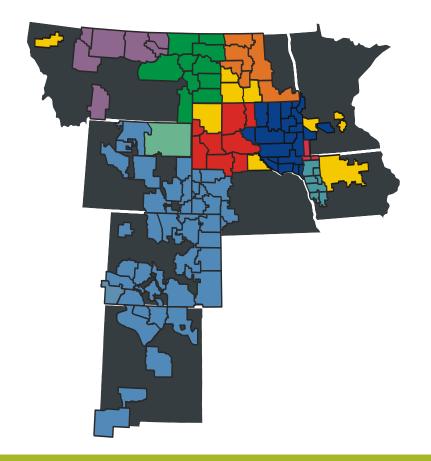
NWREC one of NIPCO's 7 distribution cooperative members
We have an "all requirements" contract with NIPCO

## **Cooperative Power Supply Network**



#### Power Supply . . .

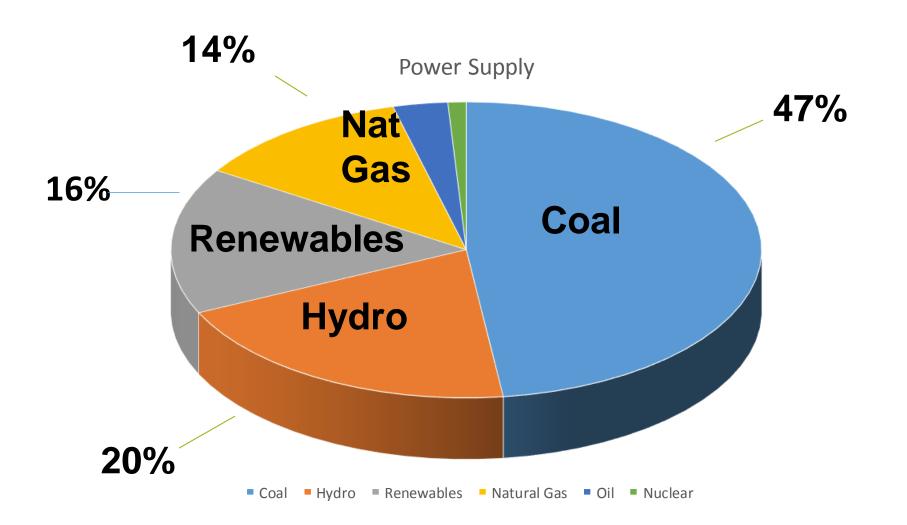
#### **Basin Electric – 80%**



#### Hydro Generation is 20%



## **Power Supply Portfolio**



### NWREC's Solar Demonstration Project . . .

- Through our strategic planning process, we continue to look at new energy & technology developments
- In the Fall of 2013, we were seeing an increase in discussion about renewable energy and specifically solar generation
- Our Statewide had formed a Distributed Generation Task force
- Our Board decided to do a demonstration project and to try to learn more about solar with the goal of sharing what we learn with our members, legislators, schools and others

- Our employees installed the solar array

It is on the south side of our Orange City headquarters property
Used local licensed electrician for wiring

- Safety is our highest priority







There are 96 solar panels
Each panel is 410 watts
39.36 kW DC (34 kW AC)



The tenK system uses smart reflectors to maximize the energy produced









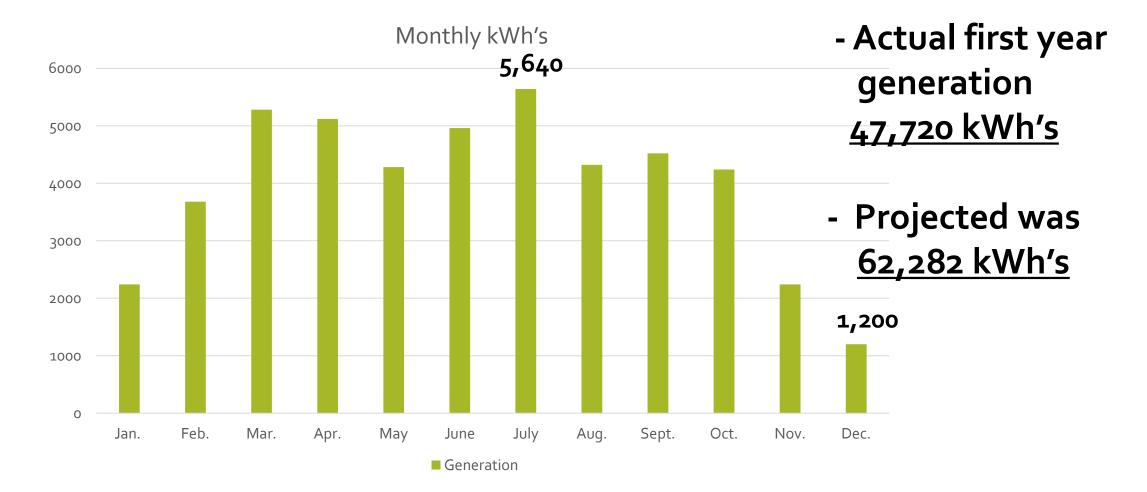
## North West REC 1505 Albany Pla

Solar array foot print is approximately 5,000 s.f.

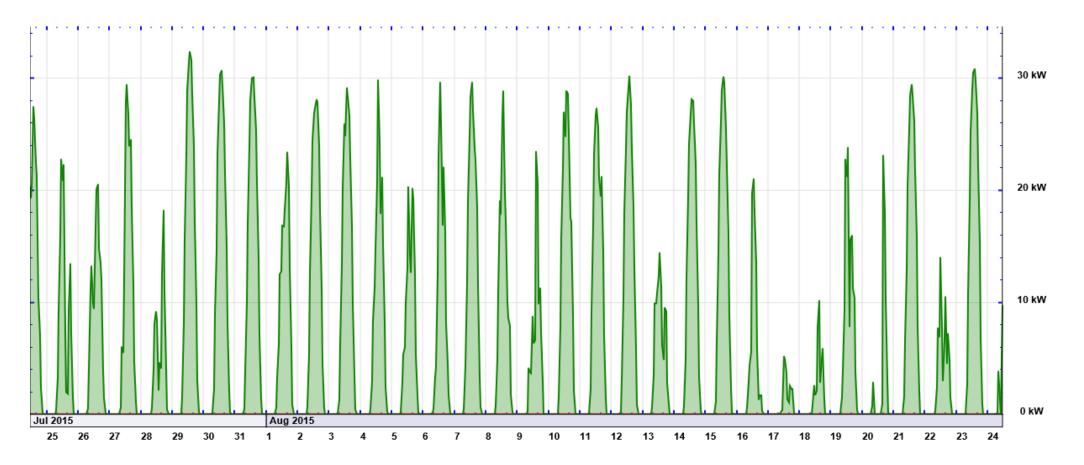
#### What have we learned?



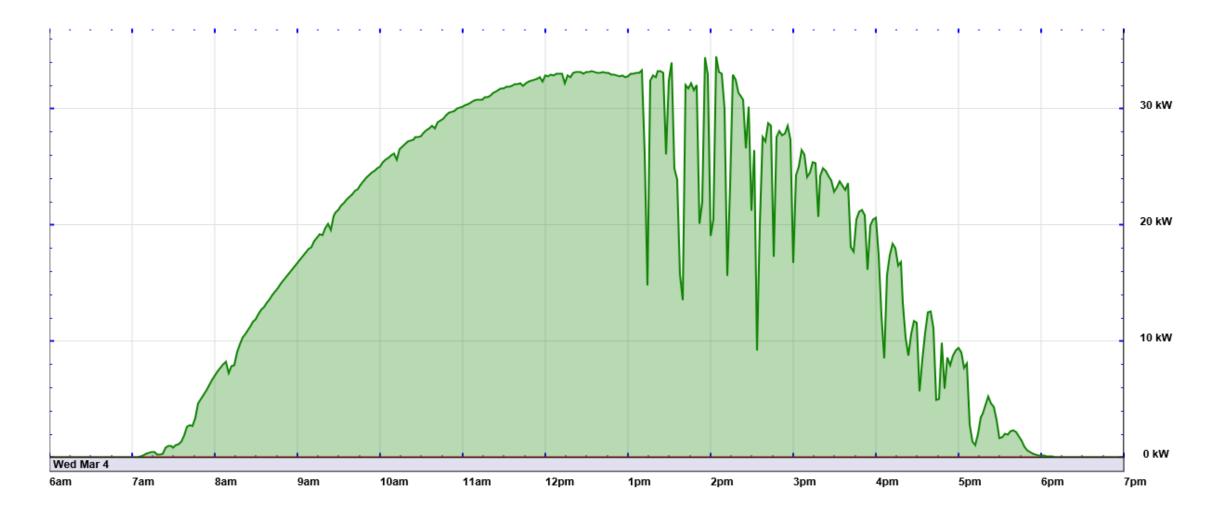
#### One of the Questions We Had – "How Much Does Solar Generation Change Monthly?"



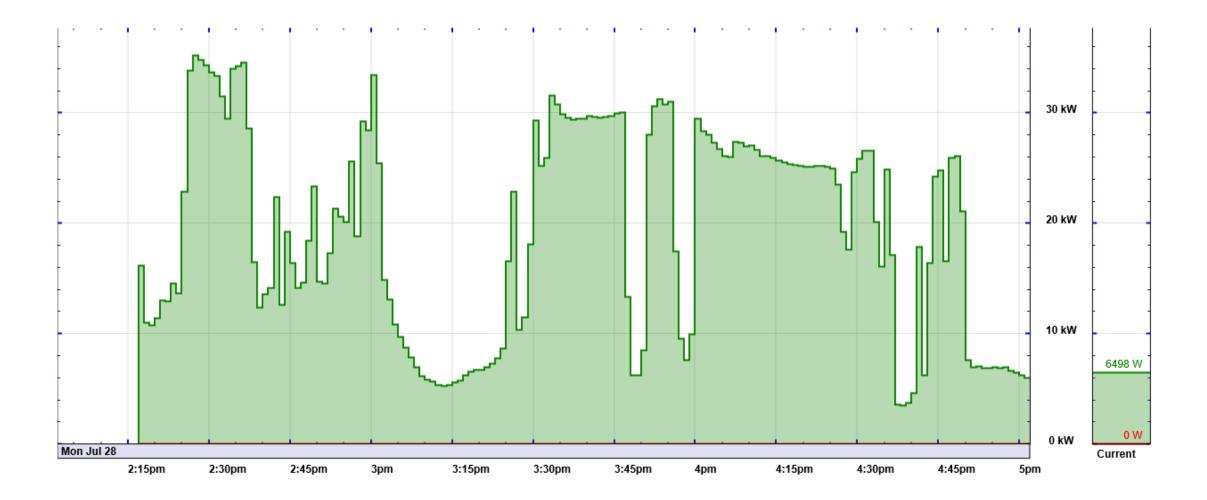
## A Related Question – "What is the impact of clouds & snow?"



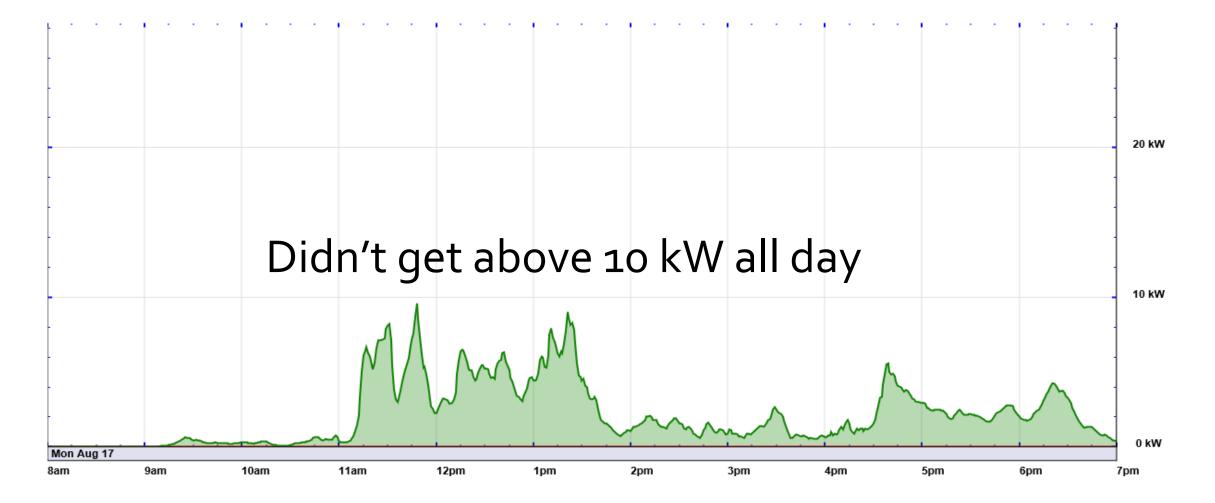
## Mostly Sunny Winter Day



### Partly Cloudy Summer Afternoon

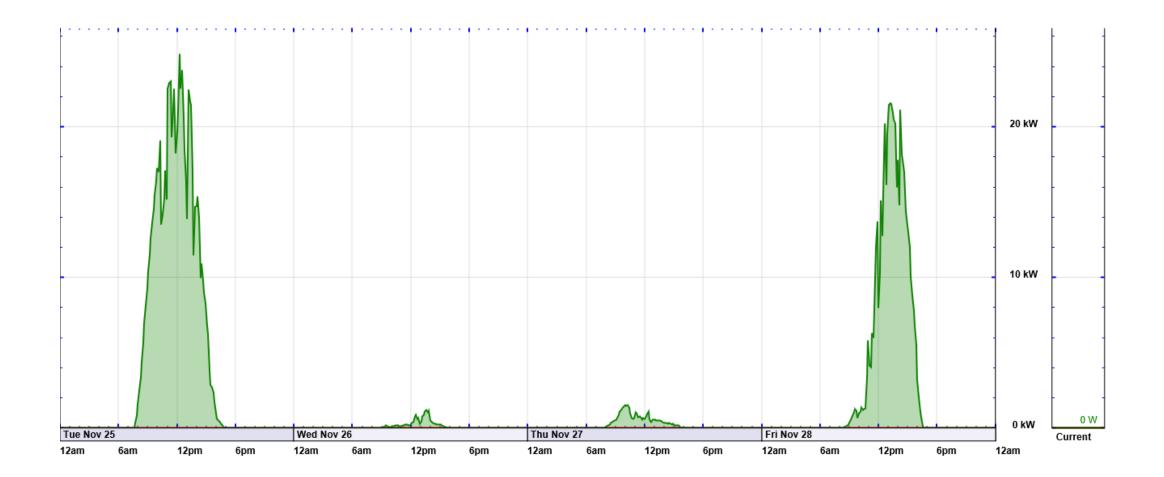


## Mostly Cloudy Day





## Impact on generation from snow . . .



Another Question – "Does Solar Generation match up or "coincide" with our system peak demand?"

•We are a winter peaking system, but we have peak demand usage & billings every month

•Our monthly system peak demand is the highest half hour of kW demand usage

#### When Does the Peak Occur?

#### Summer Time

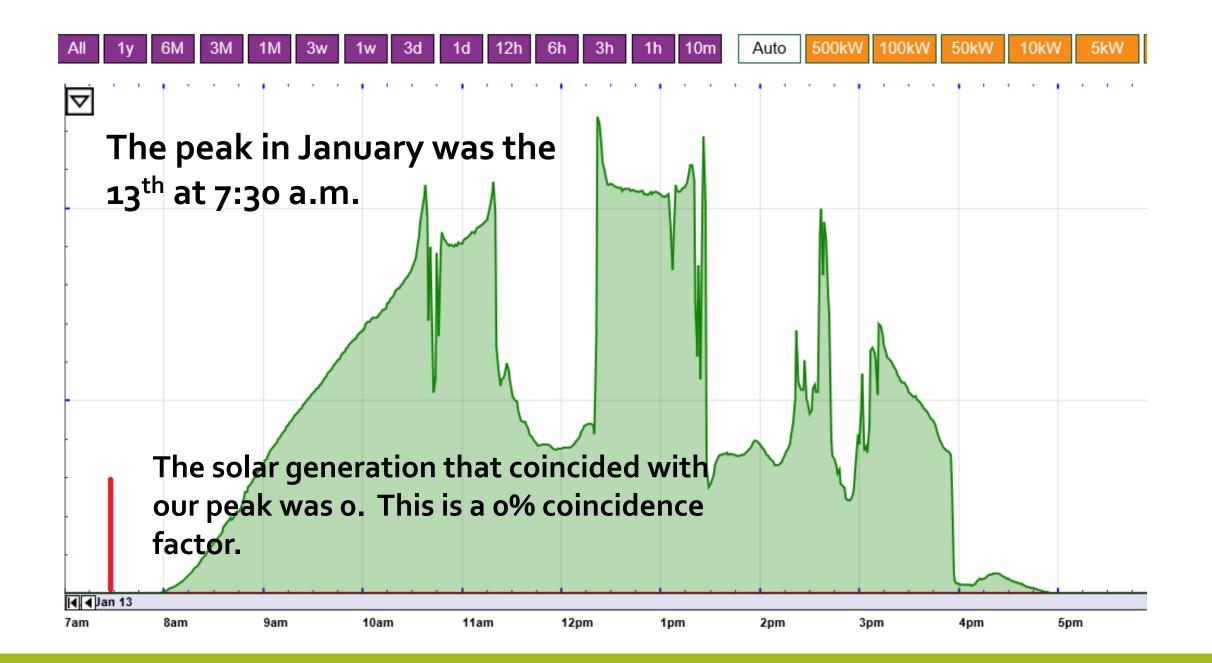
Between 4:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m.

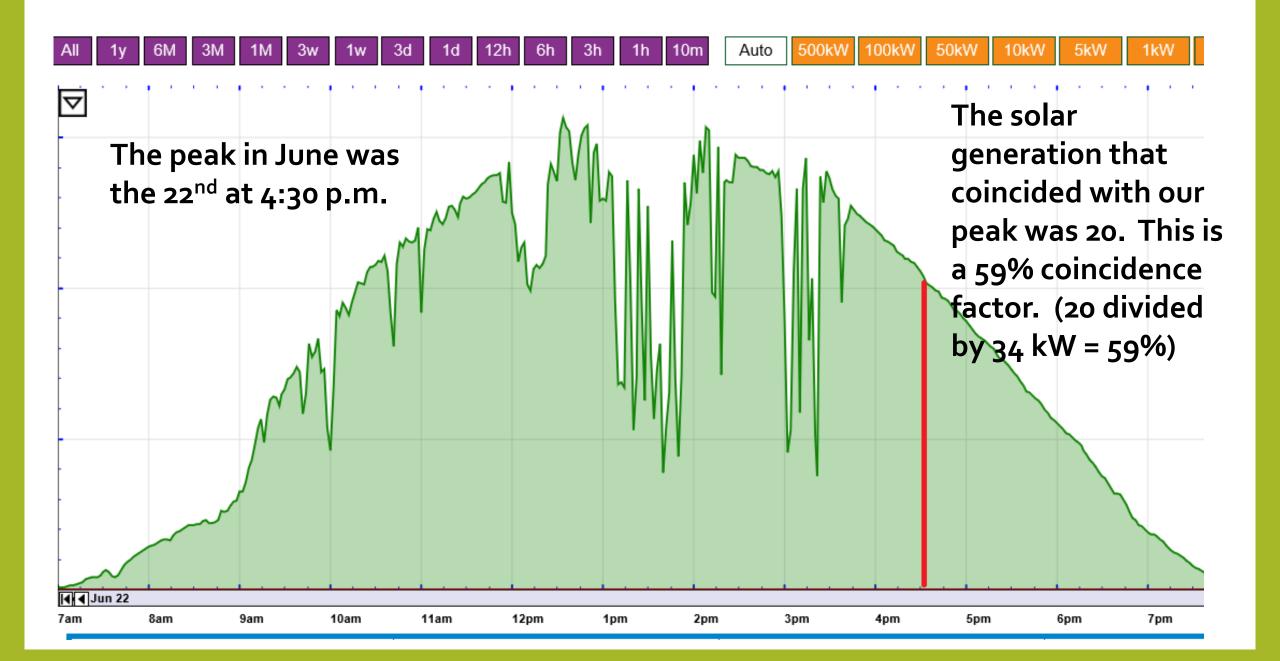


#### <u>Winter Time</u>

Between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m.







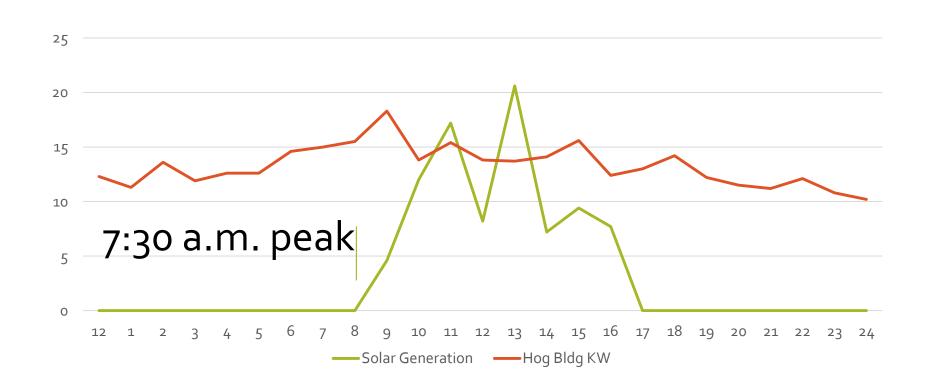
#### Monthly Coincidence or "On Peak" Factors . . .

| <ul> <li>January</li> </ul>  | 0%          | • July | 76% (26 kW) |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| <ul> <li>February</li> </ul> | 0%          | •Aug.  | 45% (15 kW) |
| <ul> <li>March</li> </ul>    | 0%          | •Sept. | 16% ( 5 kW) |
| • April                      | 9% (3kW)    | •Oct.  | 0%          |
| •May                         | 76% (26 kW) | • Nov. | 0%          |
| • June                       | 59% (20 kW) | •Dec.  | o% 95 kW    |

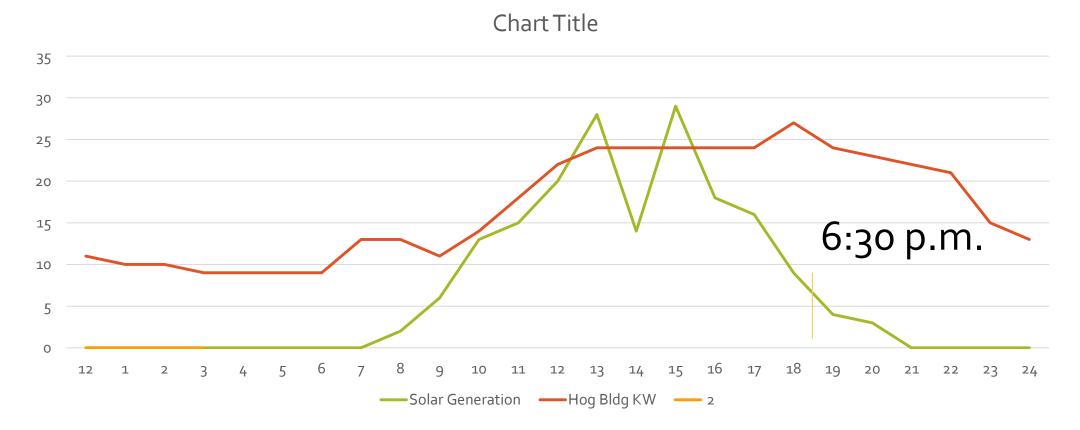
for Year

# Solar Generation & Hog Building kW on a January day

Chart Title



## Solar Generation & Hog Building KW on a summer day



### Two Key Factors We Review . . . Annual Capacity & Coincidence Factors

#### **Capacity Factor**

- Ratio of actual output to potential output over a period of time
- Maximum output of kWh's or energy 34 kW X 8,760 = 297,840 kWh's
- Actual generation 47,720 kWh's
- 47,720 divided by 297,840 =

#### **16% Capacity Factor**

#### **Coincidence Factor**

- Peak demand generation during NWREC's peak (coincides with . . .)
- 34 kW times 12 months = 408 kW
- Actual kW generated during our peak – 95 kW
- 95 kW divided by 408 =

23% Coincidence Factor

## Why is this important for us?

- There is a long & detailed answer that gets into demand and energy metering and billing and I don't have time in my portion of the presentation for that
- The short answer is that if the highest or peak solar generation coincides with our highest or peak system demand, it is nearly 4 times more valuable to us and our power supplier
- For example, in the months when there is no solar generation on our peak (Winter morning peaking months), we only avoid 2.6 cents per kWh on our power costs. If there was 100% solar generation on our peak (100% generation 34 kW in this example coinciding with our peak), we would avoid nearly 14 cents per kWh. In this case, the solar generation would be over 4 times more valuable to us and our power supplier.

#### Maintenance issues?

While we have not had major maintenance issues, we did have to replace some panels & inverters recently that were not working properly.



## Summary . . .

- We are using what we have learned to develop and modify our renewable energy programs.
- We want to make sure that our programs are workable for the Cooperative & our members so that they can be sustainable.
- We are pleased to work with any of our members who are interested in installing renewable energy and interconnecting with our system. We will net meter up to 50 kW but sized according to the load.
- Rob and Lee are here also and we would be happy to visit with you about our net metering policy and interconnection agreement.

## Summary . . .

- We have learned a lot through this demonstration project and look forward to gaining additional insights in the second year of operation.
- We have not pursued any battery storage options in connection with this project, but as this technology improves and becomes more cost effective, it could have the potential of greatly enhancing the integration of solar generation with utility distributed generation programs.

## Summary . . .

 For additional information on our our solar demonstration project, please check our web site at <u>www.nwrec.coop</u>



## You can also see our solar generation in real time on our web site . . .

